

F

o

r

Z

i

n

c

Fredrik Rasten

&

(2023)

C

o

p

p

e

r

Notes / Instructions

There are no note values in the score, but for any of the voices, a note or pause lasts until it is succeeded by a new note or pause in the given voice.

Note durations are free but the unfolding of the piece should have a rhythmic “evenness” – a feeling of a very slow rhythmic flow. The graphic spacing between notes is not a guide to the pace of the music, but merely showing the succession of the note or pause entries.

When a change occurs within one part, the movement can generally be a little bit faster, more like a slow melodic phrase.

The change between two notes (or a note and a pause) can either be legato, or separated by a little pause.

When a change occurs simultaneously in two or more voices (marked by dotted lines), the change is either cued visually or musically (simply by following the initiator of the change). These collective changes should aim for simultaneity, however with some sense of flexibility.

Arrows occur in some places simply to assist the temporal succession when the visual spacing between events becomes narrow.

Cent deviations from 12-tone equal temperament are written in connection to each note.

The accidentals belong to the Extended Helmholtz-Ellis JI pitch notation by Marc Sabat and Wolfgang von Schweinitz.

More information about the accidentals: <http://www.marcsabat.com/pdfs/notation.pdf>

ALLOY

FOR ZINC & COPPER (+ ME)

FREDRIK RASTEN AUGUST/SEPTEMBER
2023

G

Handwritten musical score for Zinc & Copper (+ ME) by Fredrik Rasten, August/September 2023. The score is divided into six staves:

- G:** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp. Notes: \circ , $b\circ$, \circ , \circ , -6 , -18 , -4 , \circ , -8 .
- H:** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp. Notes: \circ , -2 .
- TRB:** Bass clef, key signature of one sharp. Notes: \circ , -4 , \circ , $+14$, -4 , $b\circ$, $b\circ$, -22 , -10 .
- TB:** Bass clef, key signature of one sharp. Notes: $\bar{\circ}$, -6 , $\bar{\circ}$, -2 , $b\circ$, $+10$, $\bar{\circ}$, -20 , \circ , -8 .
- P(o):** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp. Notes: $b\circ$, \circ , -25 , -8 , $b\circ$, -24 , -12 , $b\circ$, -16 , $b\circ$, -12 , $b\circ$, -24 , $b\circ$, -12 , $b\circ$, -6 .
- T(o):** Bass clef, key signature of one sharp. Notes: \circ , $b\circ$, $b\circ$, $b\circ$, -8 , -12 , -10 , -25 , -4 , $b\circ$, -25 , \circ , -8 , $b\circ$, -25 , \circ , -6 .

(o) b_o $\downarrow -25$ b_o $\downarrow -29$ b_o $\downarrow -43$ b_o $\downarrow -25$
 (e) b_o $\downarrow -24$ b_o $\downarrow -27$ b_o $\downarrow -24$ b_o $\downarrow -12$ b_o $\downarrow -41$ b_o $\downarrow -24$ b_o $\downarrow -27$
 (b_o) b_o $\downarrow -14$ b_o $\downarrow -25$ b_o $\downarrow -24$ b_o $\downarrow -27$
 (o) b_o $\downarrow -12$ b_o $\downarrow -24$ b_o $\downarrow -27$
 (f_o) o -8 b_o $\downarrow -12$ b_o $\downarrow -24$ b_o $\downarrow -12$ o -8 -6 o $\downarrow -6$ b_o $\downarrow -43$ b_o $\downarrow -23$ b_o $\downarrow -43$ d_o $\downarrow -6$ b_o $\downarrow -29$ d_o $\downarrow -6$ b_o $\downarrow -27$
 (b_e) b_o $\downarrow -10$
 (b_o) o -8 b_o $\downarrow -25$ o -8
 (g_o) b_o $\downarrow -24$ b_o $\downarrow -27$ b_o $\downarrow -12$ b_o $\downarrow -27$ b_o $\downarrow -12$ b_o $\downarrow -12$ b_o $\downarrow -14$

1(b σ) $b\bar{o}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-43}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-23} b\bar{o}_{-12} r b\bar{o}_{+41} o_{-8}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-20}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-23}$
 1(b σ) -6
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-10}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-25}$
 1(b σ) -8
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-23} b\bar{o}_{-43} o_{-6} b\bar{o}_{-10}$
 1(b σ) -6
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-23}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-23}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-25}$
 1(b σ) -6
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-25}$
 1(b σ) -6
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-23} b\bar{o}_{-25} b\bar{o}_{-6}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-23} b\bar{o}_{-25} o_{-4}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-25} -4$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-25} -6$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-21}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-10}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-4}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-10}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-21}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-10}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{+10}$
 1(b σ) -4
 1(b σ) -8
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-12}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-20}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-12}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-20}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-12}$
 1(b σ) -4
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-12}$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{-10}$
 1(b σ) $+8$
 1(b σ) $b\bar{o}_{+10}$

Handwritten musical score for a six-part composition. The score consists of six staves, each with a unique clef and key signature. The parts are labeled with Roman numerals I through VI. The music is written in a rhythmic style using vertical stems and horizontal dashes. Numerical values are placed above or below the stems, indicating pitch intervals or specific note heads. Arrows point from some of these numerical values to other notes on the staff, suggesting performance techniques like grace notes or specific fingerings. The score includes various dynamic markings such as 'p' (piano), 'f' (forte), and 'mf' (mezzo-forte). The overall structure is complex, reflecting a highly detailed musical analysis or performance preparation.

1: (o) o o
 -2 -6
 |
 2: (o) |
 3: (bo) o
 -8
 |
 4: (bo) -6 +bo +bo bo
 | -6 +43 -18 +43 -10
 |
 5:
 6: (-) o -20 -8 -4
 | -21
 |
 7: (o) -6 -4 -8 -4 -8 -2 -8 -2 -8
 8: (bo) |
 -6
 9: (bo) +bo bo +bo bo
 | lbo bo lbo bo
 | -37 -10 -37 -10 -4
 |
 10: (bo) -8
 |
 -6
 |
 -23
 |
 11: (bo) o lbo
 -2 -2 -34
 |
 -23 -6 b -23
 | -10 -23

PLAYED 4 TIMES

slow gliss. -39